

Gravity: Inverted Universal Globe Spin Theory – 10/28/2007

William D. Short, Balderston Drive, Exton PA, USA

Specific Topic: #16 original thought, looking at Inverted Systems of Rotation already evident on our Planet, and how Pressure is created through these Inverted Systems, Clockwise vs. Counterclockwise.

Exhibit: Section A – 23 – C

Date: 11/1/2007

Here we have systems that are all around us that already support and illustrate the active principles that are found in the “Inverted Universal Globe Spin Theory”. They demonstrate the creation of the “Coriolis Effect”, “Vortexes” and “Inward Directed Pulling Force”, which is just another way of looking at an “Inward Directed Center of Gravity”.

The first part illustrates the exact principle at play, where one system above is rotating in a different direction as the system on the ground, creating a vortex and a “falling pressure” towards the center of the storm system.

The second part of the illustration diagrams how two inverted systems that are rotating in opposing directions create at its center a downward pulling force.

In an “Inverted Universal Globe Spin Theory” system, you are applying these very principles. You are simply creating and maintaining an “Inward Directed Center of Gravity” by placing a smaller round object within a larger round object and whereby both find themselves traveling in opposing directions.

Copyright © All Rights Reserved, 2007

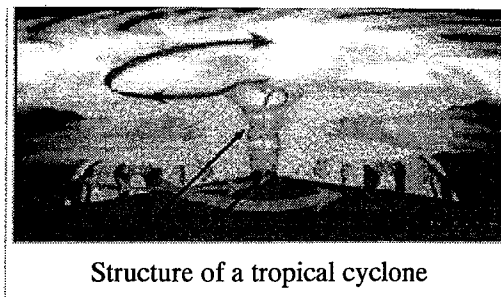
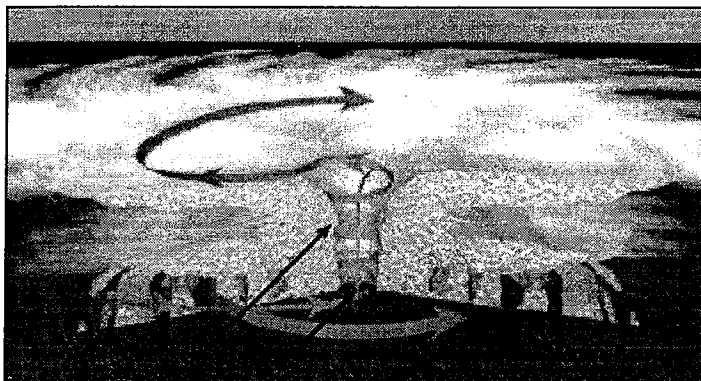
Gravity: Inverted Universal Globe Spin Theory – 10/28/2007

William D. Short, Balderston Drive, Exton PA, USA

Specific Topic: #16 original thought, looking at Inverted Systems of Rotation already evident on our Planet, and how Pressure is created through these Inverted Systems, Clockwise vs. Counterclockwise.

Exhibit: Section A – 23 – C

Date: 11/1/2007



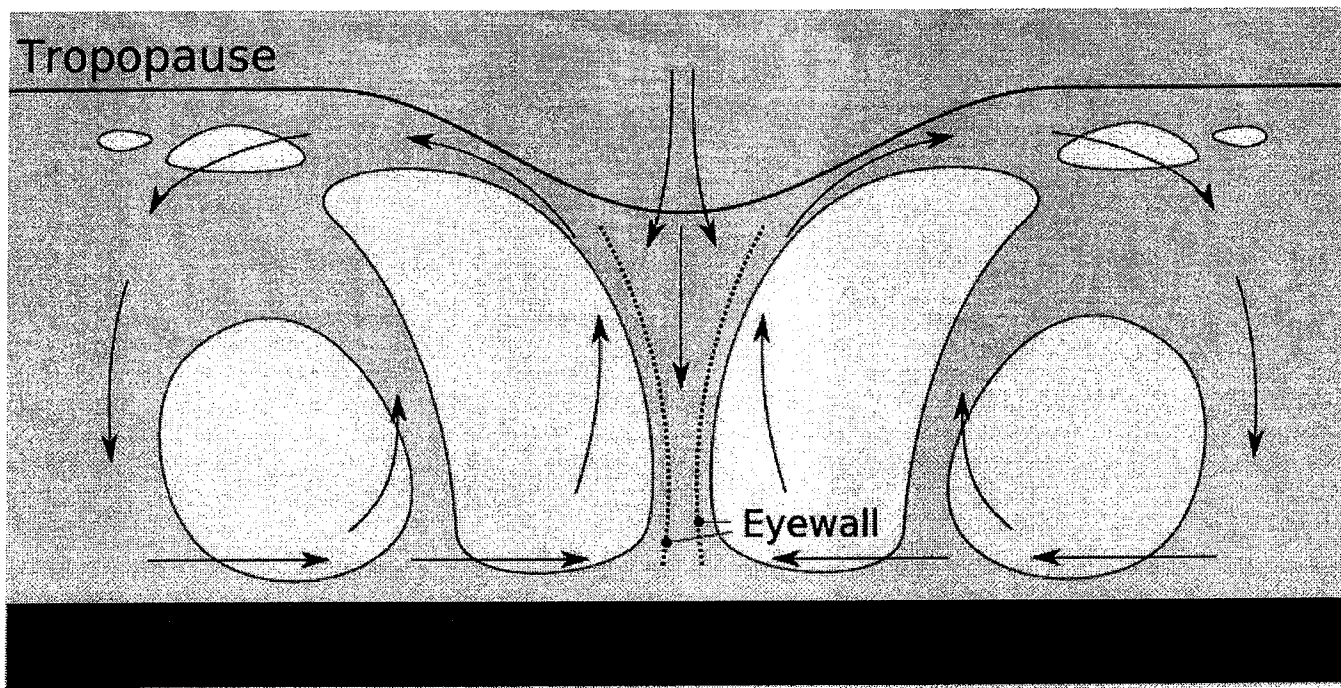
Structure of a tropical cyclone

11/13/2007

[http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/a/a9/Hurricane structure graphic.jpg](http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/a/a9/Hurricane_structure_graphic.jpg)

11/13/2007

Page 1 of 1



[http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/f/fb/Hurricane profile.svg/800px...](http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/f/fb/Hurricane_profile.svg/800px...) 11/13/2007

Eye and inner core

A strong tropical cyclone will harbor an area of sinking air at the center of circulation. If this area is strong enough, it can develop into an eye. Weather in the eye is normally calm and free of clouds, though

Gravity: Inverted Universal Globe Spin Theory – 10/28/2007

William D. Short, Balderston Drive, Exton PA, USA

Specific Topic: #17 original thought, looking at Coriolis Effect, a Phenomena, a Fact.

Exhibit: Section A – 23 – D

Date: 11/1/2007

This illustration explains what is commonly thought of as the cause of the “Coriolis Effect”. The common thought is that somehow “the winds” are the cause of the “Coriolis Effect”. This is not true, yes winds are involved in storms, but the “Coriolis Effect” takes place because of the way gravity is created and maintained.

As stated in Section A – 23 - A, if you look at Section B – 30 - A, the same thing takes place in Water Drains, which to date have not proven to show any wind activity.

The “Coriolis Effect” is in unison with the inversion that is taking place within our Earth’s rotation inside a rather large Universal Globe. Our storm patterns are factual evidence of the way gravity is working, as are Water Drains. They are both supportive evidence and proof of an “Inverted Universal Globe Spin Theory”.

These systems are following the lead of our gravitational rotation. Our gravity rotates “Counterclockwise” in our Northern Hemisphere” and “Clockwise in our “Southern Hemisphere”.

Copyright © All Rights Reserved, 2007

Gravity: Inverted Universal Globe Spin Theory – 10/28/2007

William D. Short, Balderston Drive, Exton PA, USA

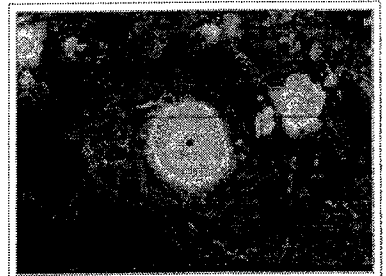
Specific Topic: #17 original thought, looking at Coriolis Effect, a Phenomena, a Fact.

Exhibit: Section A – 23 – D

Date: 11/1/2007

Coriolis effect

The Earth's rotation imparts an acceleration known as the *Coriolis effect*, *Coriolis acceleration*, or colloquially, *Coriolis force*. This acceleration causes cyclonic systems to turn towards the poles in the absence of strong steering currents.^[36] The poleward portion of a tropical cyclone contains easterly winds, and the Coriolis effect pulls them slightly more poleward. The westerly winds on the equatorward portion of the cyclone pull slightly towards the equator, but, because the Coriolis effect weakens toward the equator, the net drag on the cyclone is poleward. Thus, tropical cyclones in the Northern Hemisphere usually turn north (before being blown east), and tropical cyclones in the Southern



Infrared image of Cyclone Monica near peak intensity, showing clockwise rotation

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tropical_cyclone

11/13/2007